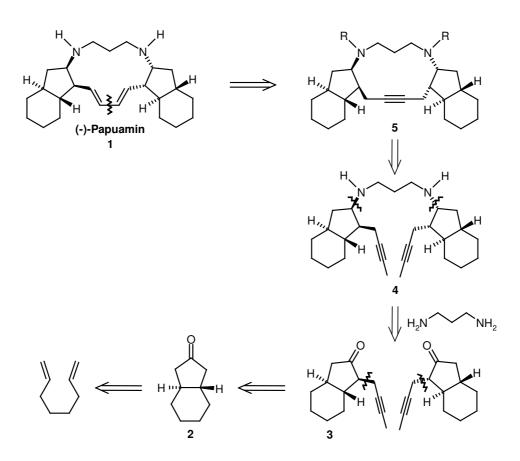
Towards the Total Synthesis of (-)-Papuamine

(-)-Papuamine (1) is a C_2 -symmetric, pentacyclic alkaloid isolated from the marine sponge *haliclona* sp..^[1,2] It was found to inhibit the growth of different types of fungi such as *Candida albicans*, *Bacillus subtilis*, *Staphylococcus aureus* or *Trichophyton mentagrophytes* and is therefore among the most promising new fungicides.^[3] Because of it's interesting structure and it's biological activity, we choose this natural compound as a synthesis target.

The starting point in our synthetic approach is 1,7-octadiene, which is transformed to *trans*perhydroindan-2-one (**2**) in an one-pot cyclozirconation-carbonylation sequence.^[4] Formation of the SAMP-hydrazone^[5] followed by alkylation leads to a separable mixture of diastereoisomers **3**. The synthesis continues with a double reductive amination and protection of the secondary amine groups. One of the key steps in our synthesis is the ring closing alkyne methathesis (RCAM)^[6] of **4**, which gives access to macrocycle **5** in good yields. A basecatalysed isomerisation of the triple bond^[7] to the desired *E*,*E*-diene (or other two step procedures to the diene) and deprotection of the amine groups should complete the synthesis to (-)-Papuamine (**1**). These last steps are presently under investigation.



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