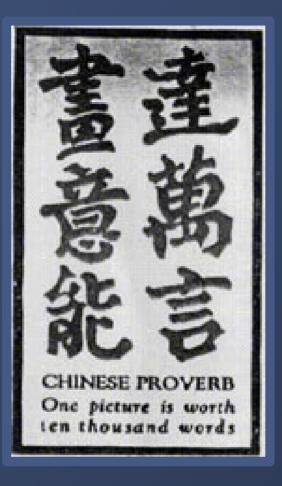
1st European Workshop on Internet Early Warning and Network Intelligence

Network Security Visualisation Techniques in Early Warning Systems

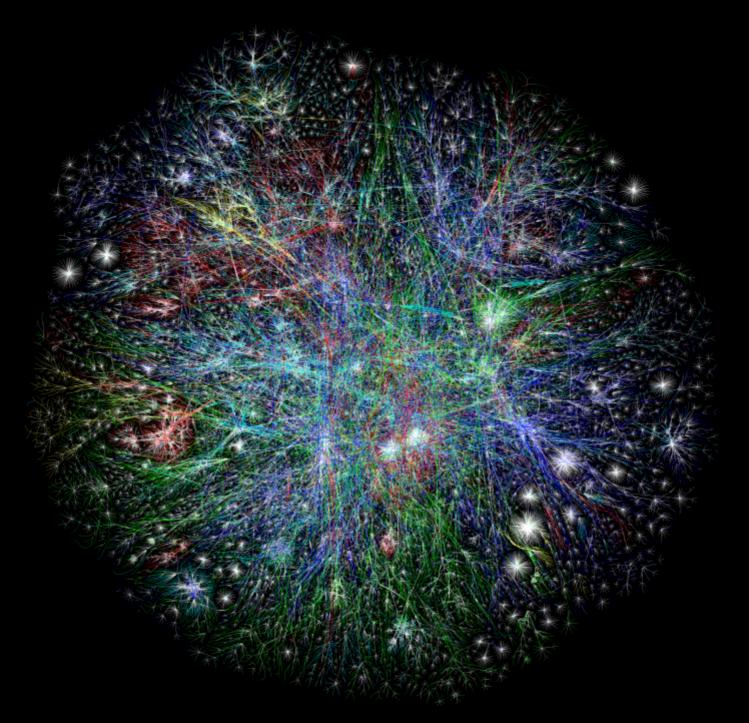
Marcus Weseloh

Hamburg, 27.01.2010

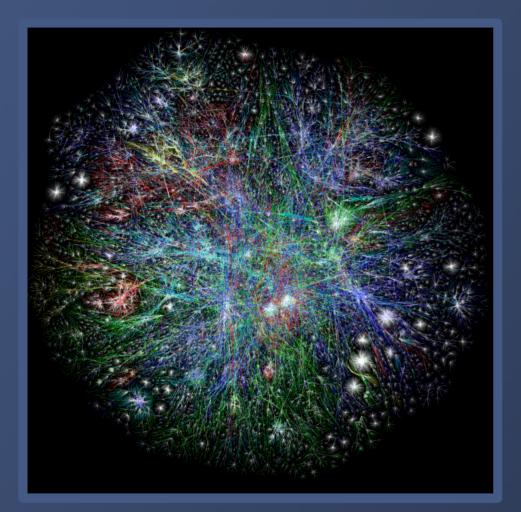
Motivation



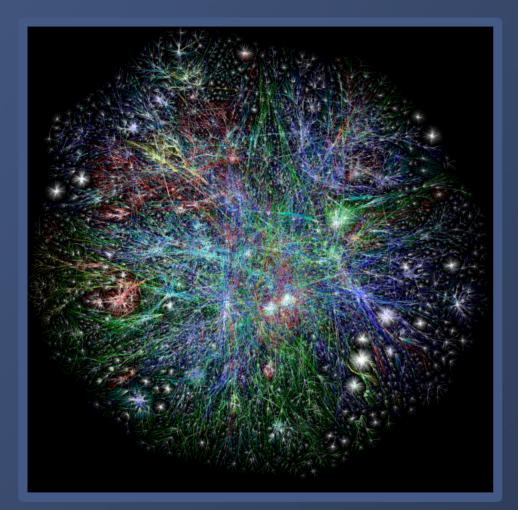
"One picture is worth ten thousand words."



Source: Opte.org

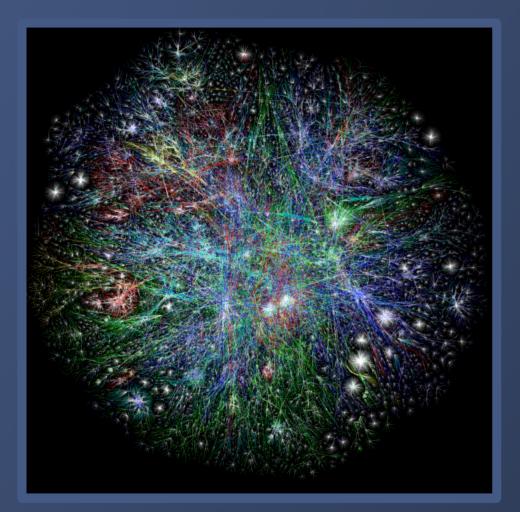


Words in image: > 10,000



Words in image: > 10,000

Words in my head: 3



"That looks pretty!"

Goal:

Find visualisation techniques that provide valuable new insights for analysts working with early warning systems.

Key Questions

- What are the cognitive principles behind effective visualisation?
- Which tasks could benefit from visualisation?
- Which visualisation technique is suitable for which task?

Talk Overview

The CarmentiS Early Warning System
Information Visualisation
Traffic Analysis Tasks
Review of Visualisation Techniques
Implementations

The CarmentiS System

CarmentiS

- Project of CERT-Verbund and BSI.
- Based on netflow toolkit by Peter Haag of SWITCH-CERT (nfdump/nfsen)
- Extends architecture to include other event sources like honeypots, IDS and malware sensors.

CarmentiS uses netflow as base for all other types of events

therefore:

Focus on visualisation techniques suitable for traffic analysis!

Information Visualisation

Principles of Visual Perception

Preattentive Processing

• Processing of visual attributes prior to conscious thought.

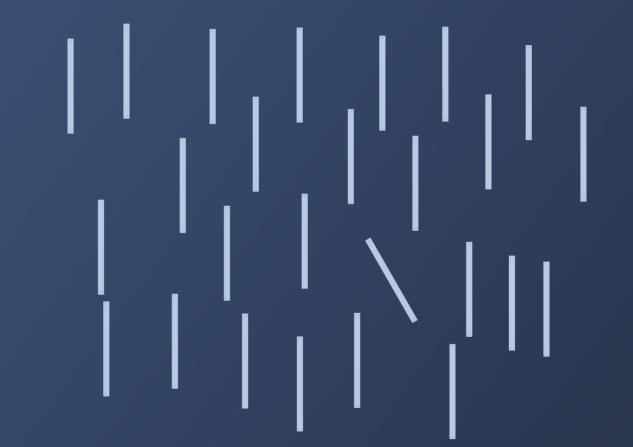
 Enables us to encode information in such a way that it "pops out" at the viewer.

Some Examples

Find the "odd one out"!



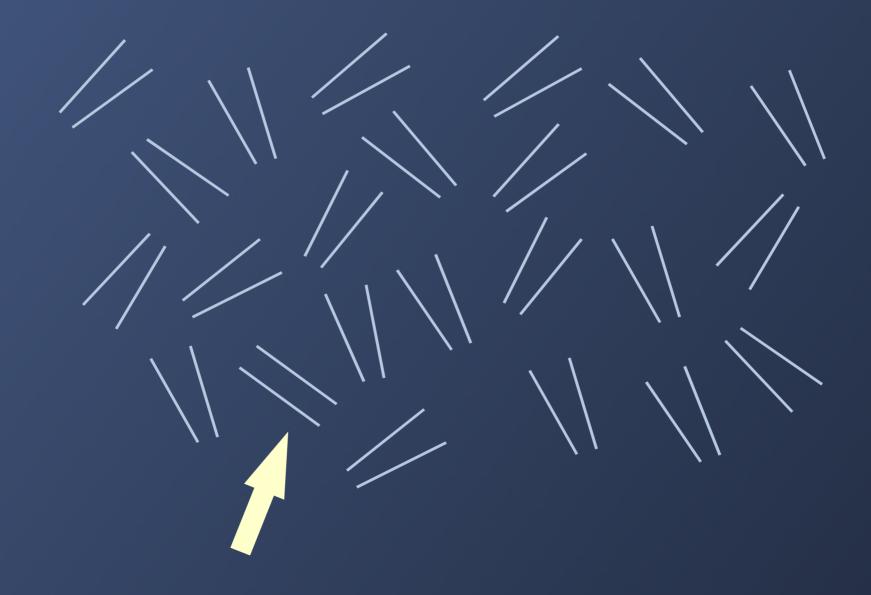
Orientation



Parallelism



Parallelism



Parallelism

Preattentive Attributes

- Size
- Orientation
- Colour
- Shape
- Concavity / Convexity
- Texture

... and more

Gestalt Principles

- Kurt Koffka, German Psychologist (1935)
- Formulated as series of laws
- Explains human pattern perception
- Useful to clarify grouping and ease perception of clusters in visualisations

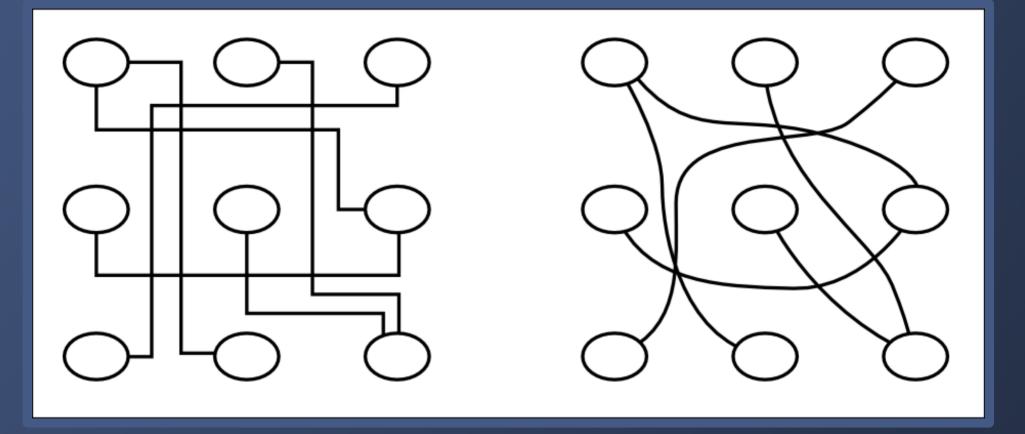
Proximity



Similarity

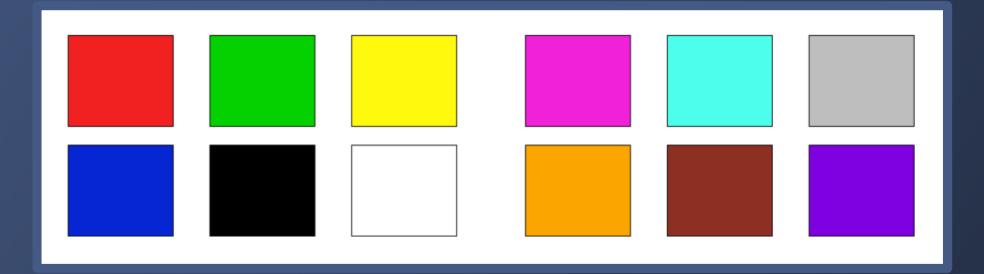
Connectedness

Continuity



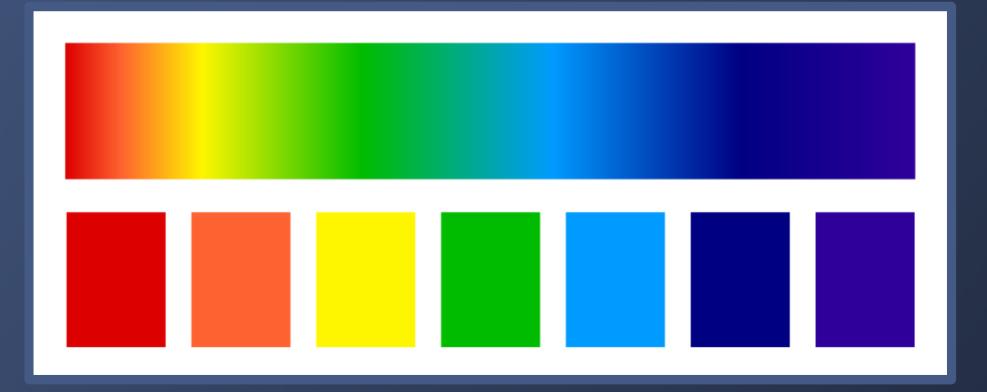
Use of Colour

Colour for Categorical Data

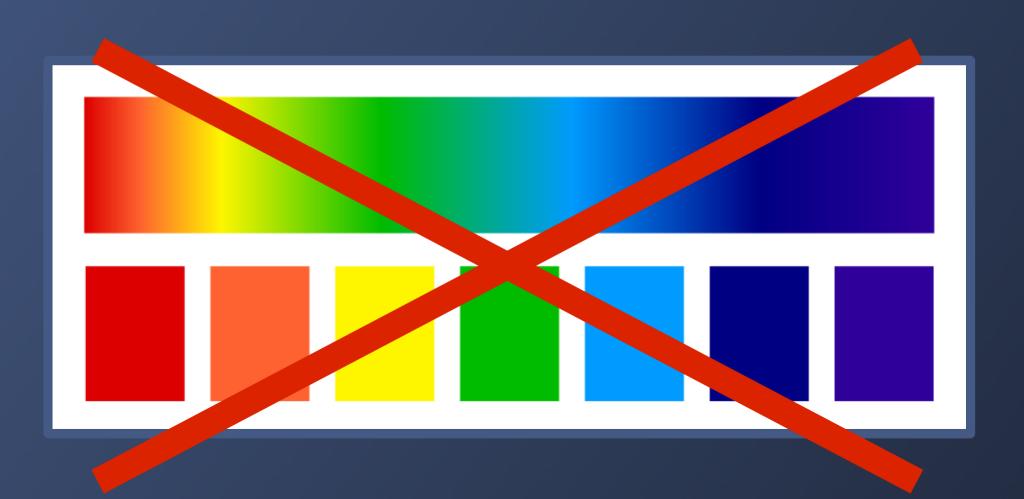


Colour for Continuous Data

Rainbow Scale?



There is no intrinsic order in the rainbow colour scale!



Colour for Continuous Data

Traffic Analysis Tasks

Information Seeking Mantra:

"Overview first, zoom and filter, details on demand"

Shneiderman (1996)

Four Stages in Traffic Analysis

- Anomaly detection
- Identification of anomaly boundaries
- Anomaly analysis
- Detailed flow information

Anomaly Detection

Goal: Spot significant changes in traffic flows that could indicate an anomaly.

Anomaly Boundaries

Goal: Find the boundaries of the anomaly to reduce amount of processed data.

Anomaly Analysis

Goal: Identify the anomaly as a known type or find attributes that could identify a new anomaly in the future.

Flow Details

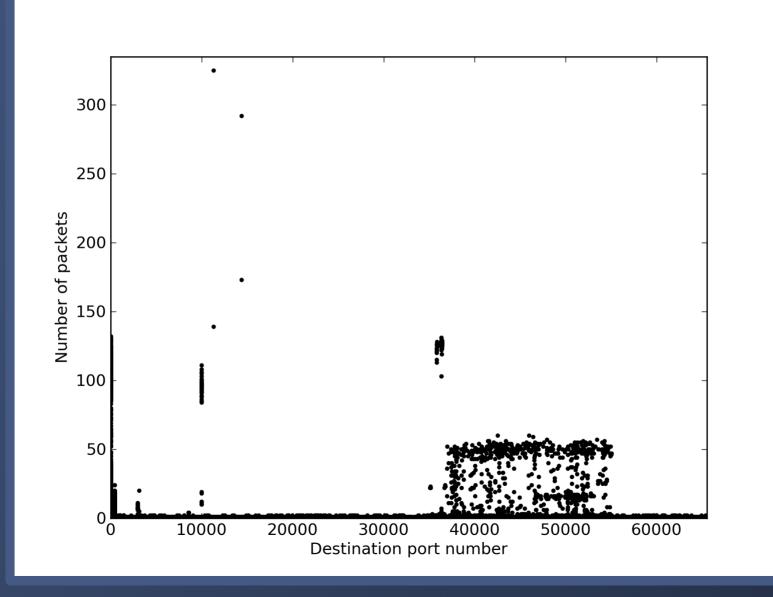
View all information for a single flow record.

Four Stages in Traffic Analysis

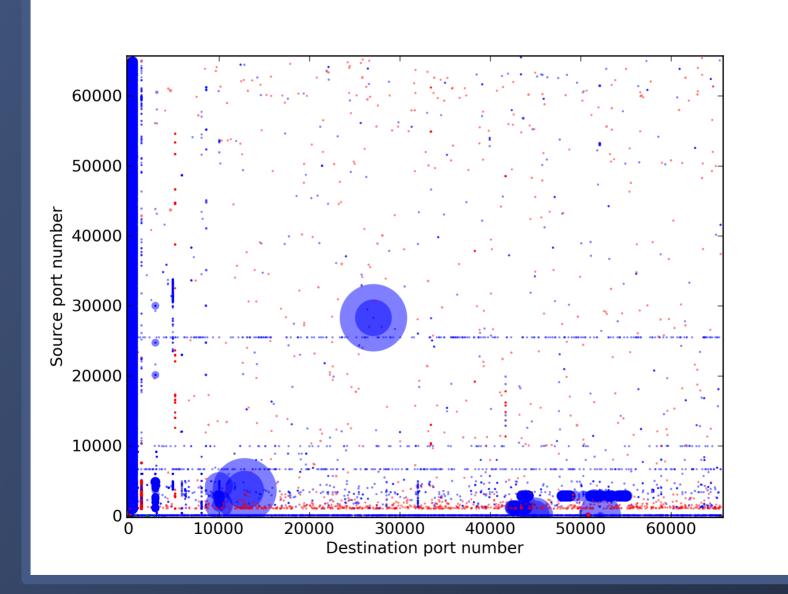
- Anomaly detection
- Identification of anomaly boundaries
- Anomaly analysis
- Detailed flow information

Review of Visualisation Techniques

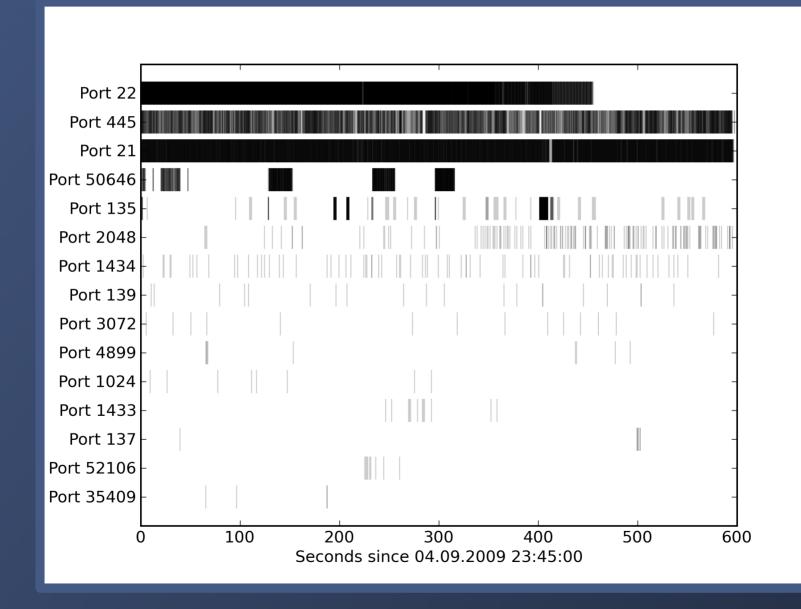
Scatter Plots



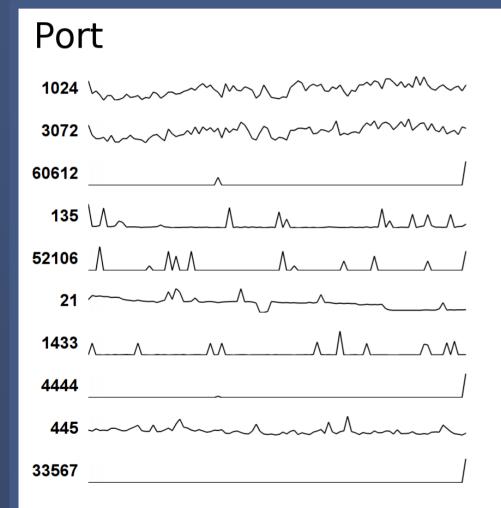
Enhanced Scatter Plots

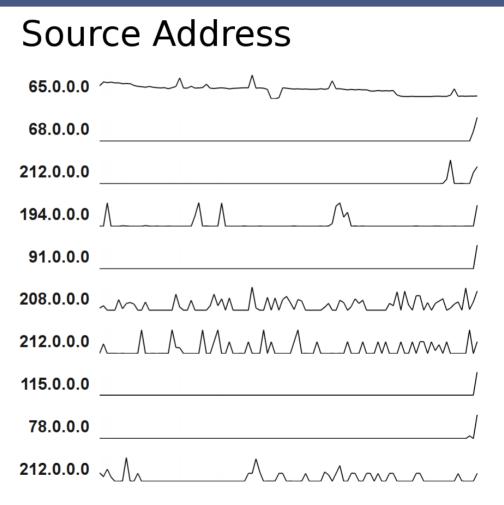


Time Table



Sparklines





Implementations

Web-based Visualisations

- Implemented using plug-in interface
- PortMap specialised scatter plot
- LinkGraph directed graphs
- HeatMap ... an Ipv4 heat map

PortMap

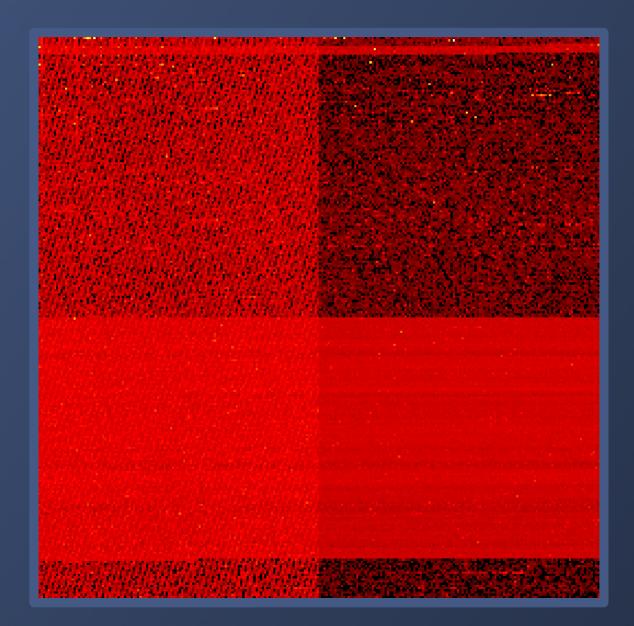
- Specialised scatter plot
- Displays whole TCP & UDP port range (0 - 65,535)
- X-Axis: port number % 256
- Y-Axis: port number / 256
- Colour encodes number of flows / bytes / packets

PortMap

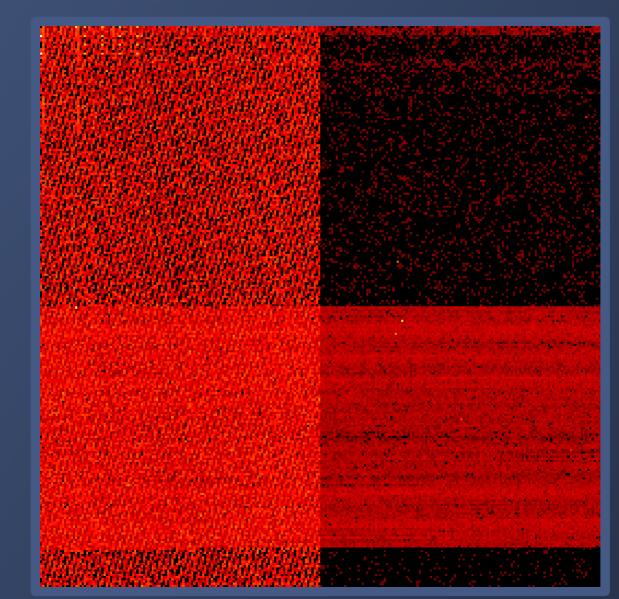
PortMap - profile live

Query Type			
 Precalculated Shows precalculated values, suitable for overview and animation. Custom (coming soon) Allows custom filters and source selection. Queries might take a long time. 			
Time			
tstart: 201001250000 Resolution: 1 Day Update You can use your mouse wheel over a PortMap image to change the current timeframe. Update			
Verify prev next >> Zoom: 256 x 256 >> Add Portmap			
TCP Src Flows	TCP Dst Flows	LUDP Src Flows	★ UDP Dst Flows 😡
Protocol: TCP • Show: Src • Flows • Topcut: 0 Update clear counts to details tab	TCP Dst Flows Protocol: TCP Show: Dst Dst Flows Topcut: 0 Update clear counts to details tab	UDP Src Flows Protocol: UDP • Show: Src • Flows • Topcut: 0 Update clear counts to details tab	UDP Dst Flows Protocol: UDP Show: Dst Flows Topcut: 0 Update clear counts to details tab
		$\frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{1}$	

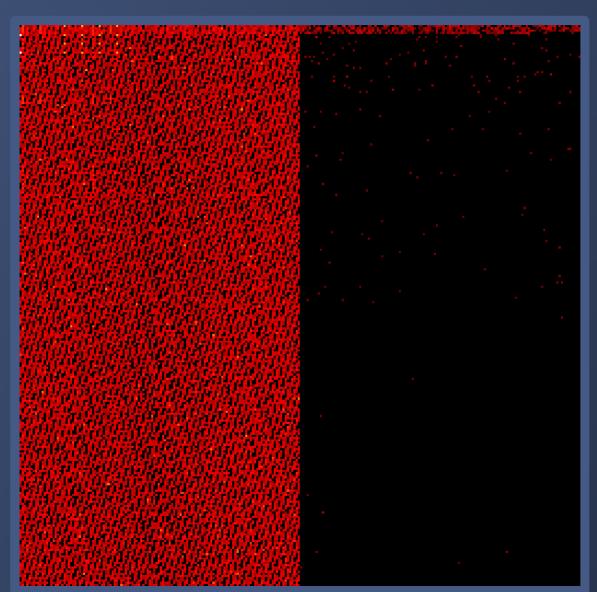
TCP dst flows, 48h



TCP dst flows, 48h, Src Port 80, Syn Ack Flags



TCP dst flows, 48h, Src Port 80, Syn Ack Flags, 48 Bytes



Conficker.C Pattern

Source: www.bamsoftware.com/wiki/Nmap/PortSetGraphics

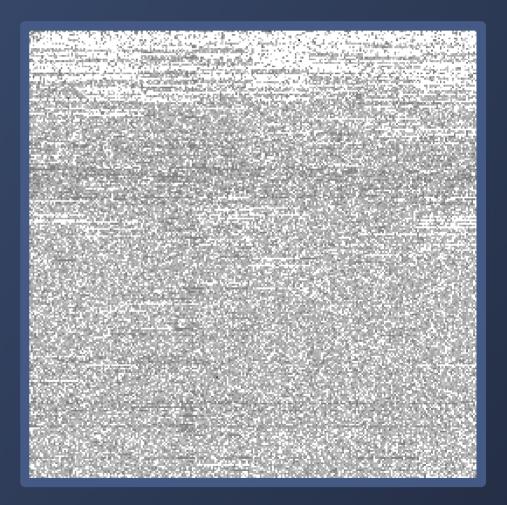
One million generated port numbers, Fifield

24h darknet UDP dst flows, 17. June 2009

One million generated port numbers, Fifield

nan mana katalan katal Penderakat katalan kata Penderakat katalan kata

48h darknet UDP dst flows, 24.-25. January 2010

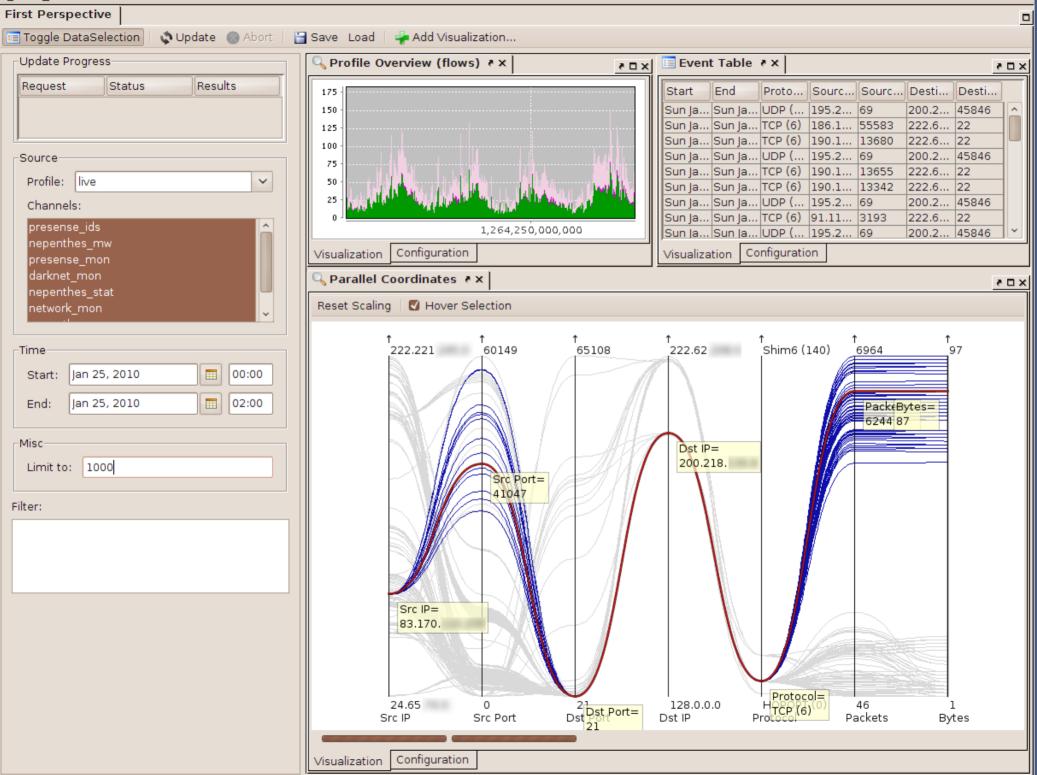


TAVIS – Traffic Analysis Visualisation System

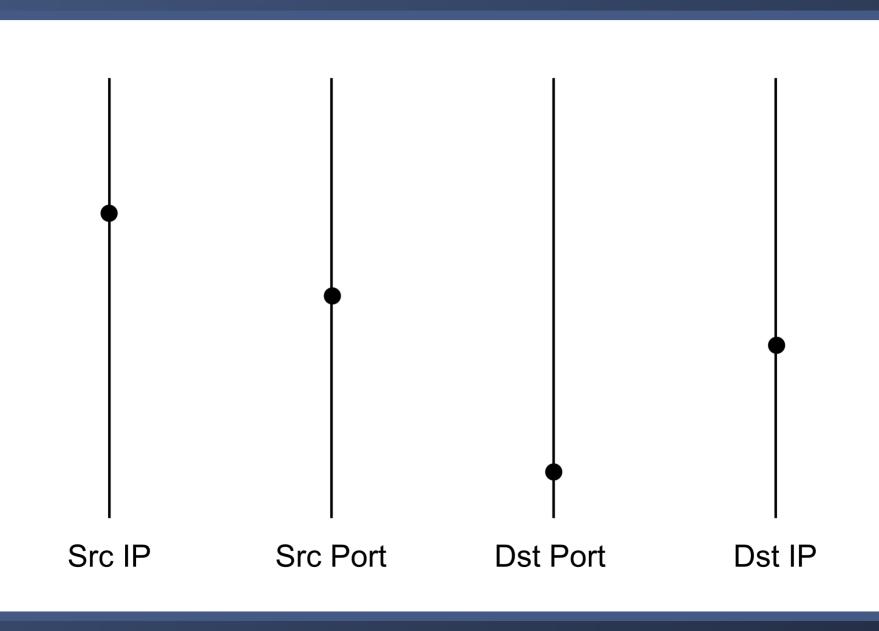
TAViS Architecture

- Client Server architecture
- Web-Service provides access to CarmentiS database
- Possibility to aggregate and compress data in Web-Service
- Java client accesses Web-Service
- Modular architecture for easy development of new visualisations

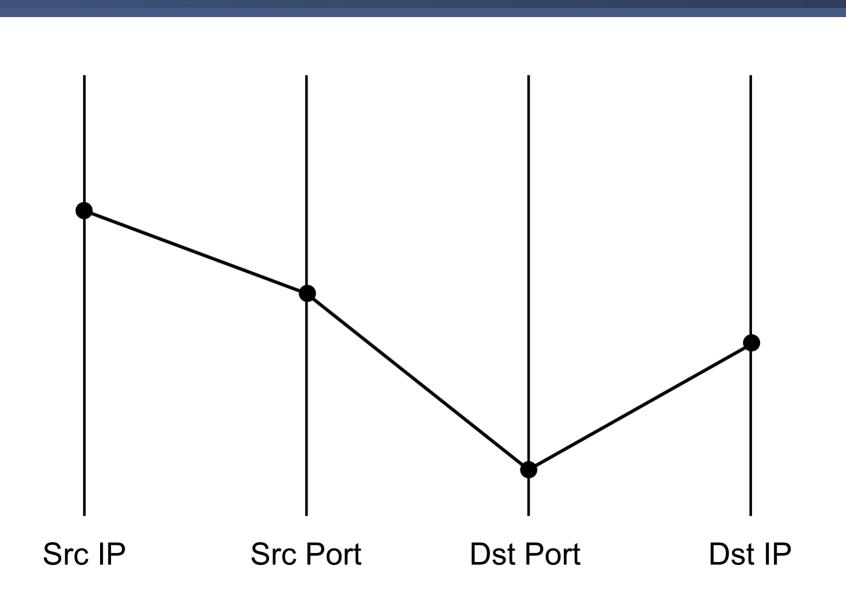
<u>File E</u>dit

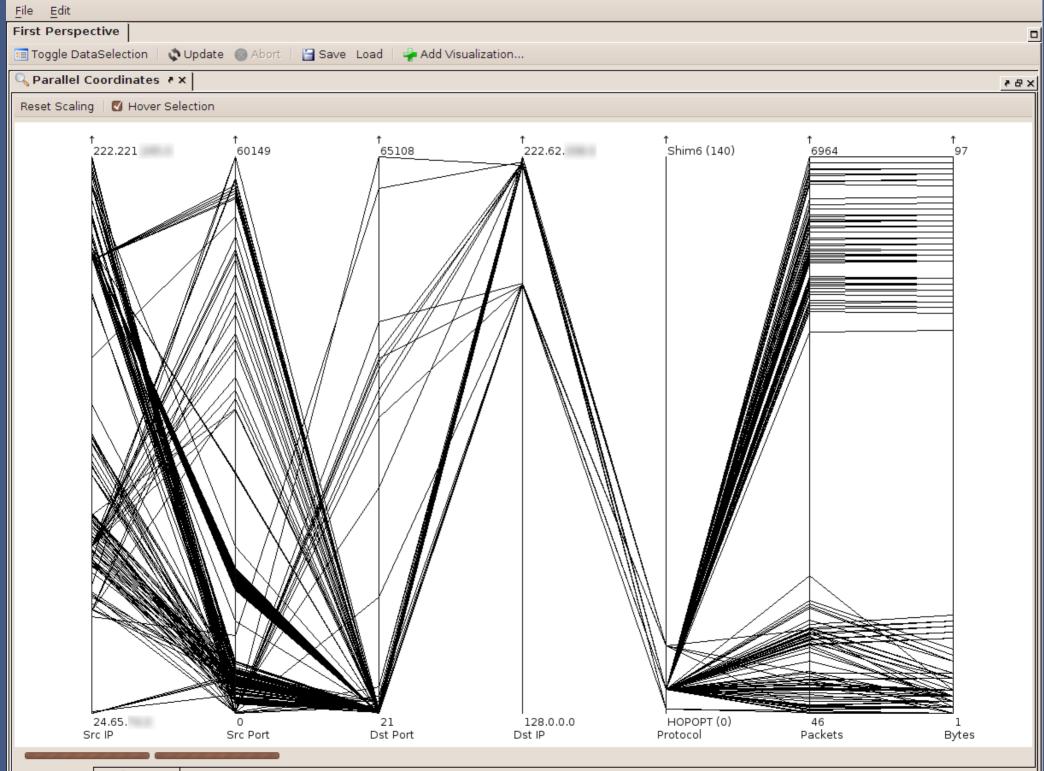


Parallel Coordinate Plot

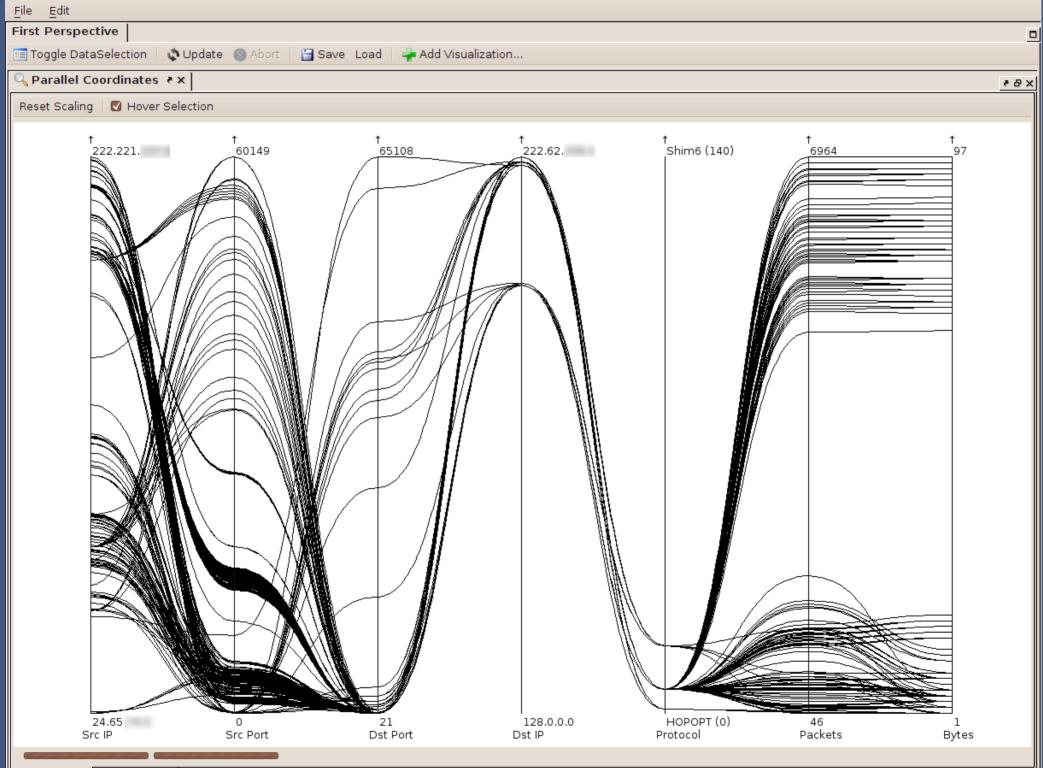


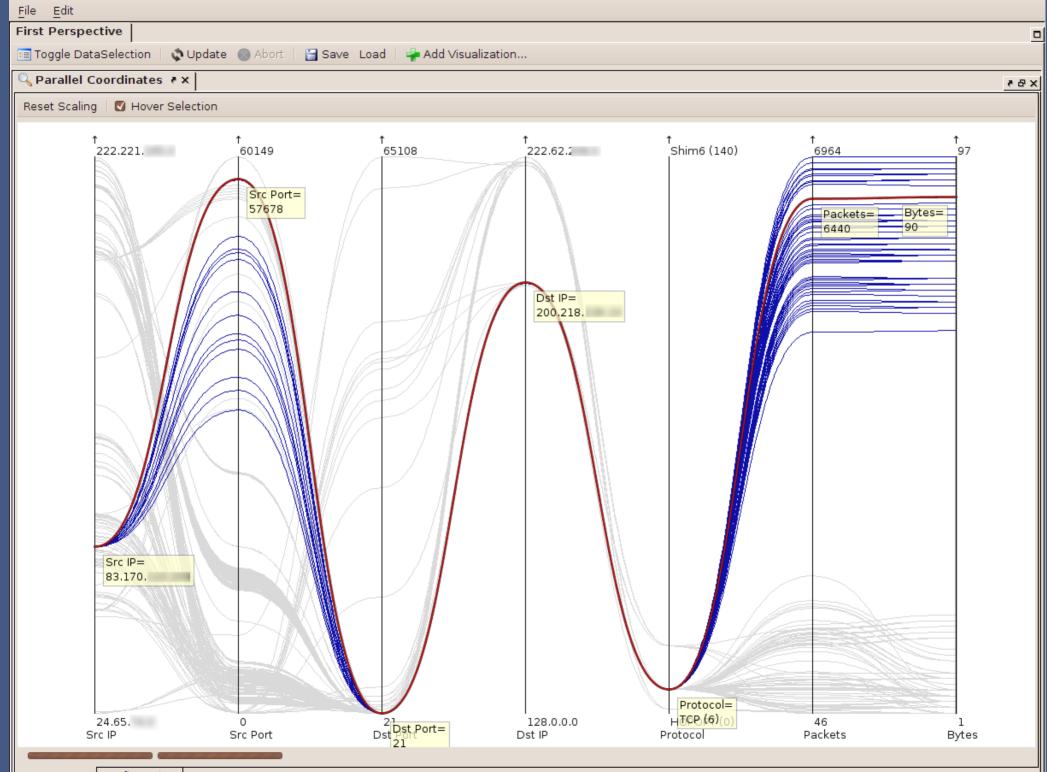
Parallel Coordinate Plot





Visualization Configuration





Visualization Configuration

Evaluation

- First feedback from analysts very positive.
- More evaluation necessary!
- Traffic analysis tasks heavily influenced by current user interface, compare with other early warning systems.

Summary

- Identified traffic analysis tasks
- Reviewed suitable visualisation techniques
- Implemented three web-based visualisations as CarmentiS plug-ins
- Implemented TAViS and a parallel coordinate display.

Thank you for your attention!

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