



Joining of Dissimilar Materials : Weldability of Copper to Brass and Aluminium to Steel using Magnetic Pulse Welding

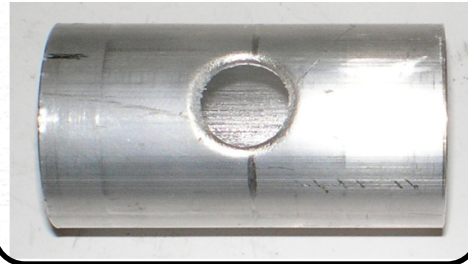
**Koen Faes
Belgian Welding Institute
Nicolas Debroux
CEWAC**

Activities

Tube cutting



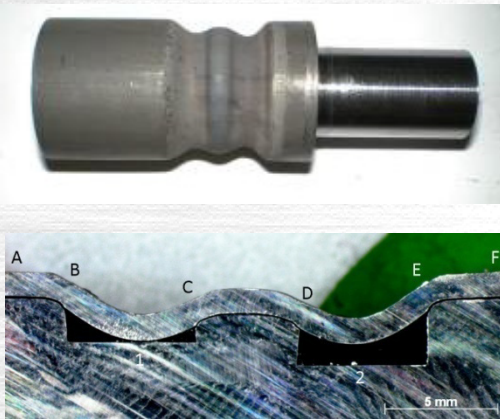
Tube perforation



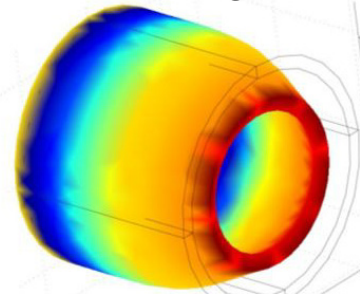
Stainless steel



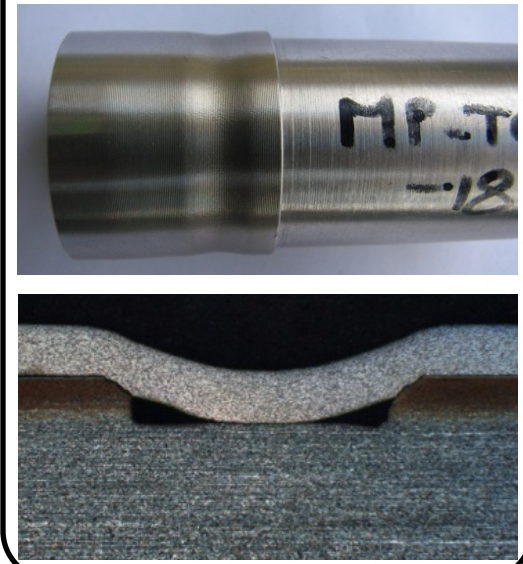
Axial crimp joints



Modelling



Case studies



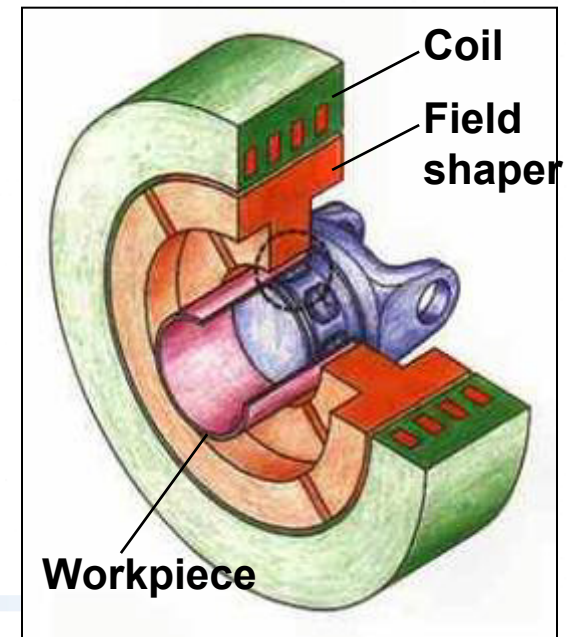
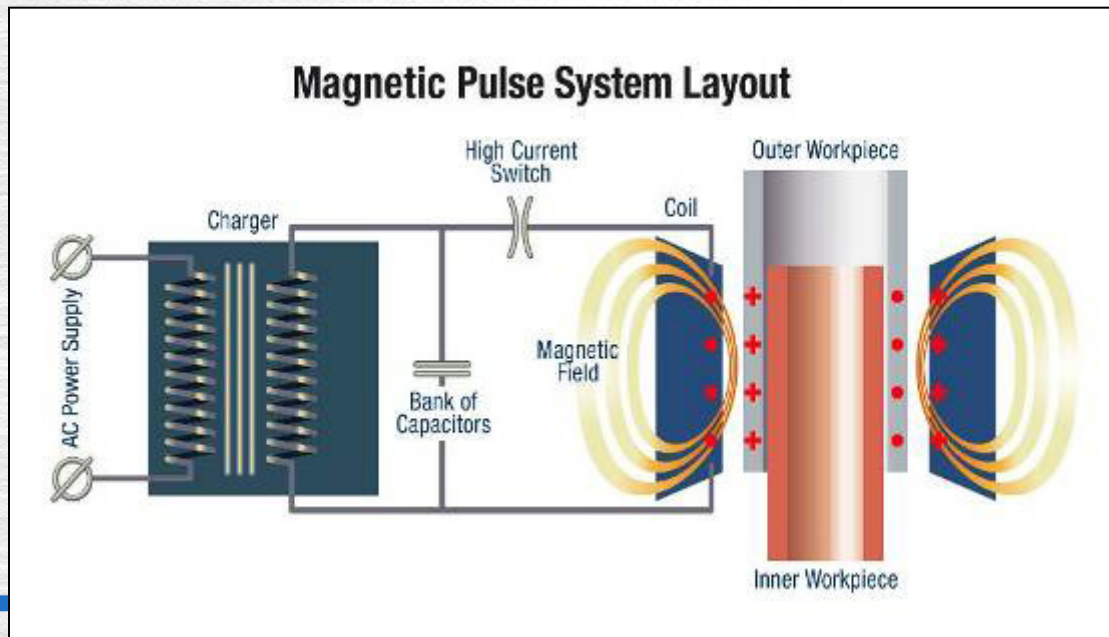
Welding



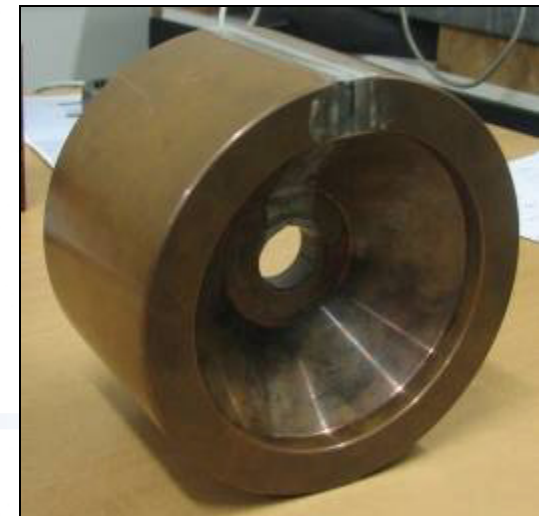
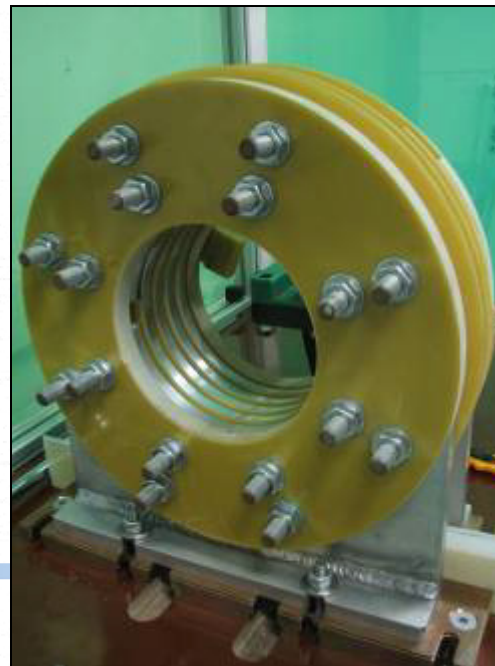
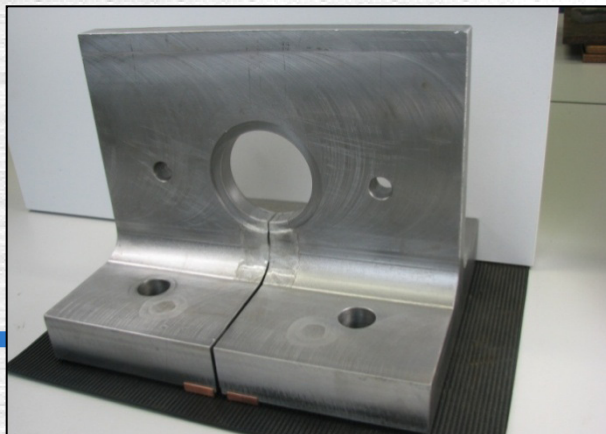
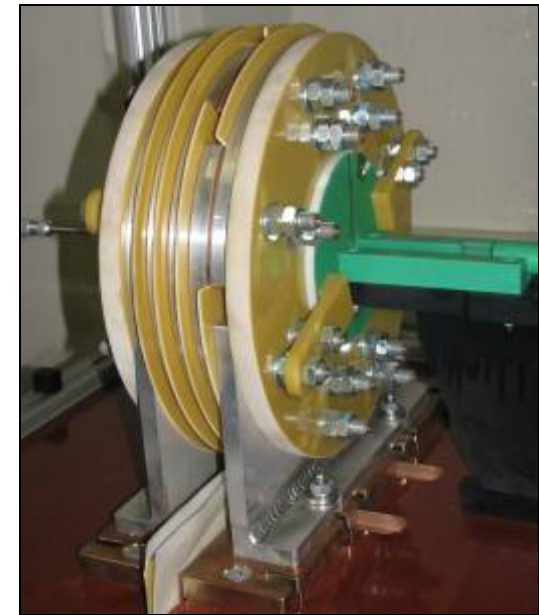
Magnetic pulse welding technology

Electromagnetic welding process :

- Similar to explosive welding
- Similar process
- Different (safer) source of energy



Experimental test set-up



Experimental test set-up

- Welding experiments with : - Copper – Brass
- Aluminium – Steel
- Tubes : O.D. : 25 mm – Wall thickness : 1,5 mm
- Solid internal workpieces

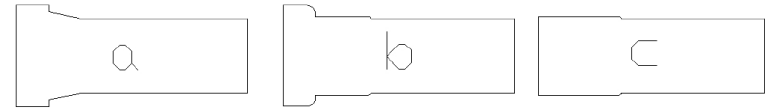
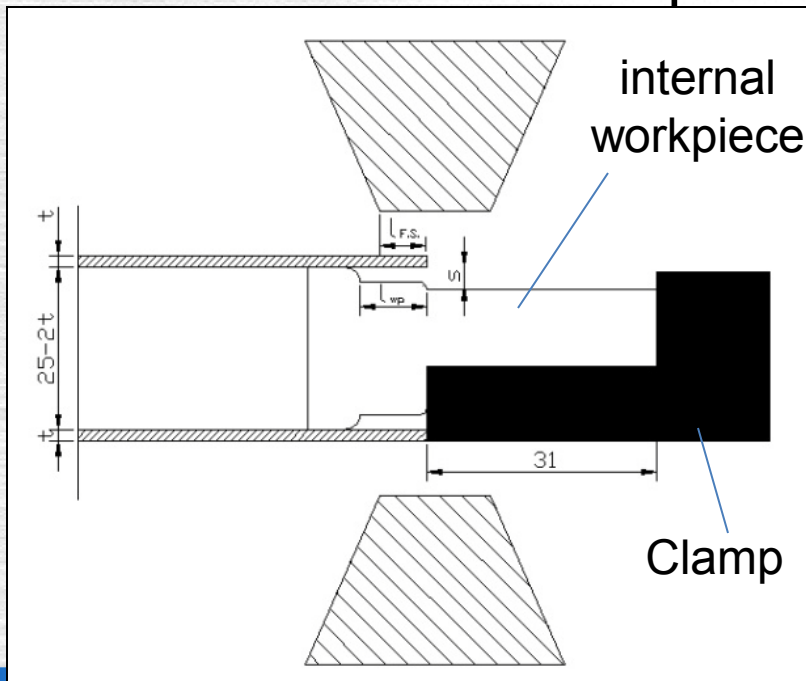
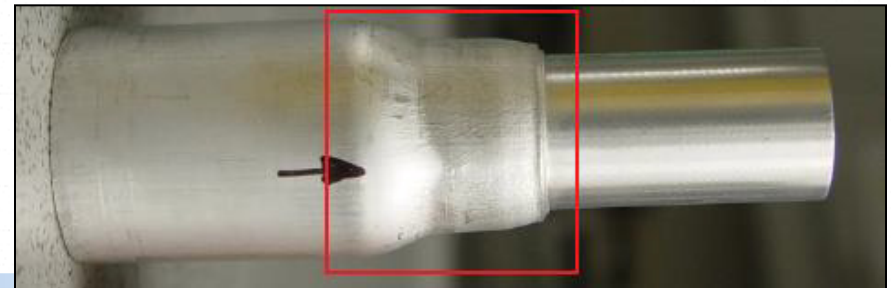


Figure 6.2: The different geometries of inner workpieces which are used in the experiments:
a) slant configuration
b) straight configuration
c) configuration without collar



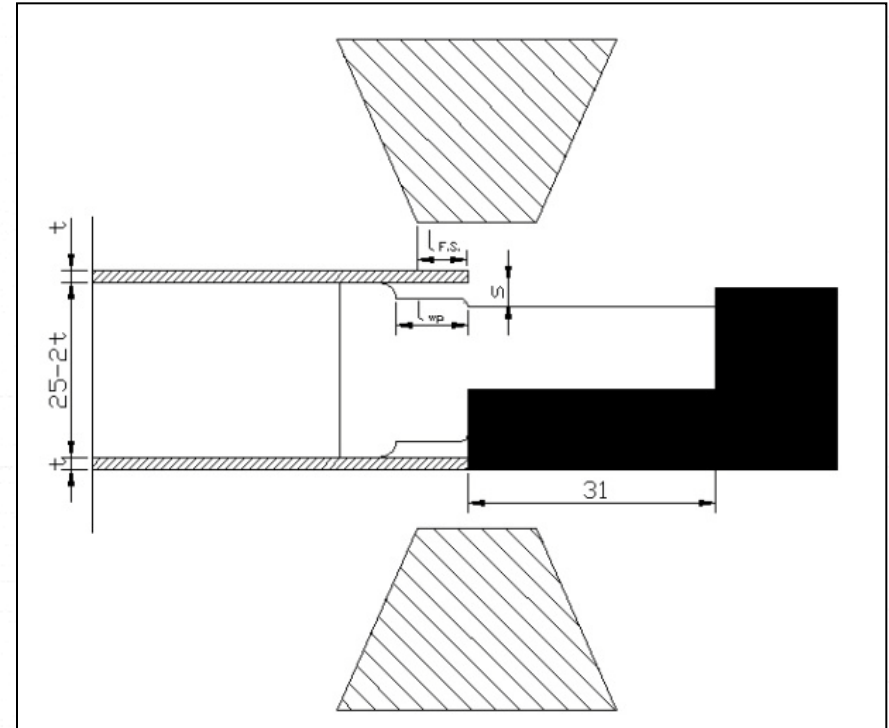
Parameter optimisation

Parameters varied :

- Air gap width
- Tube end position (field shaper overlap)
- Charging voltage

Investigation methods :

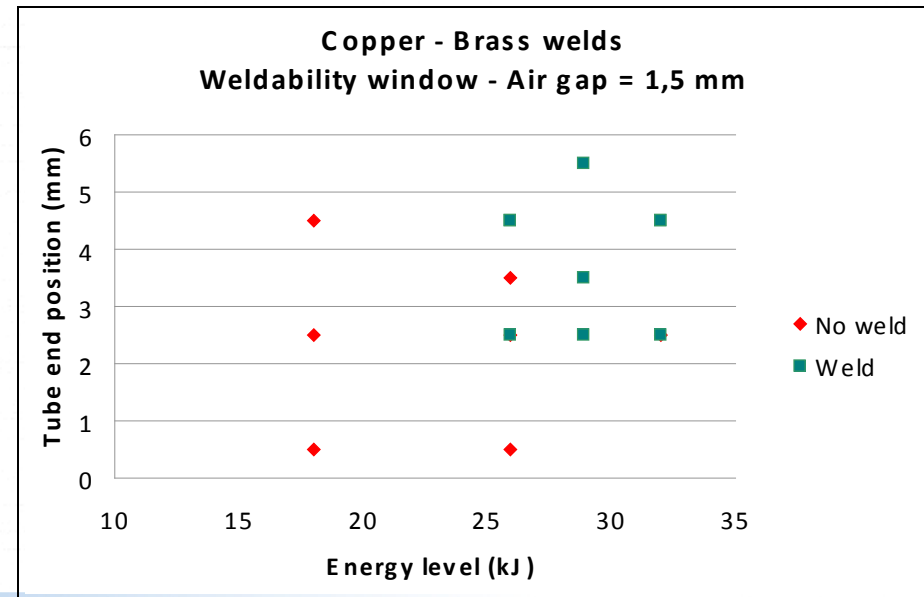
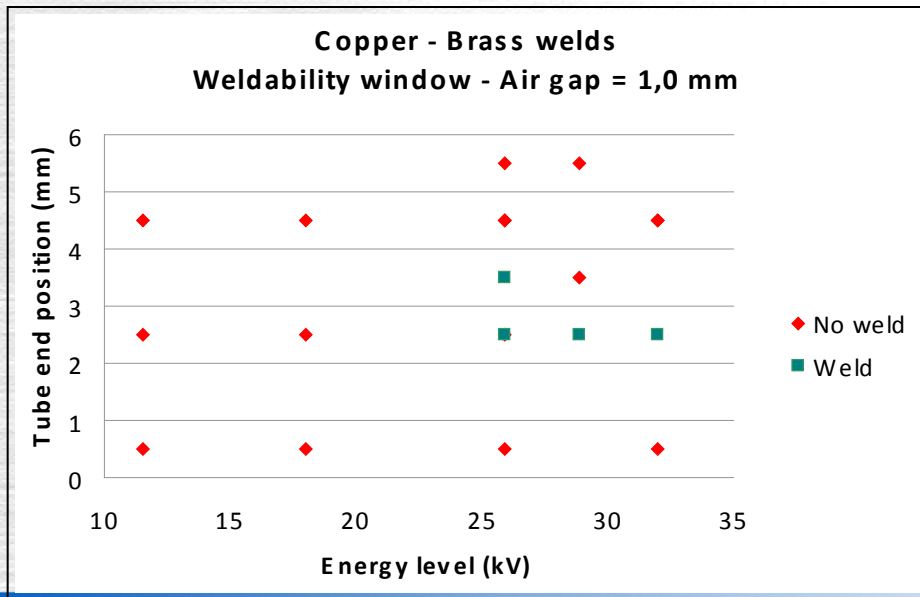
- Metallographic examination (weld length)
- Scanning electron microscopy
- Hardness measurements & leak tests



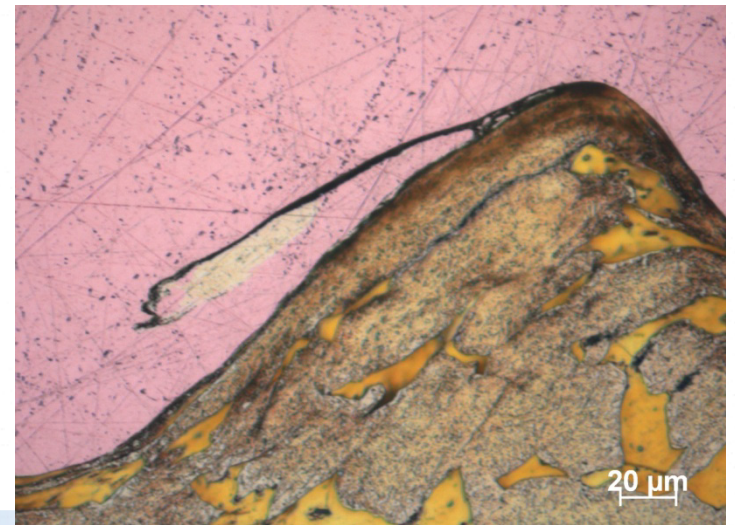
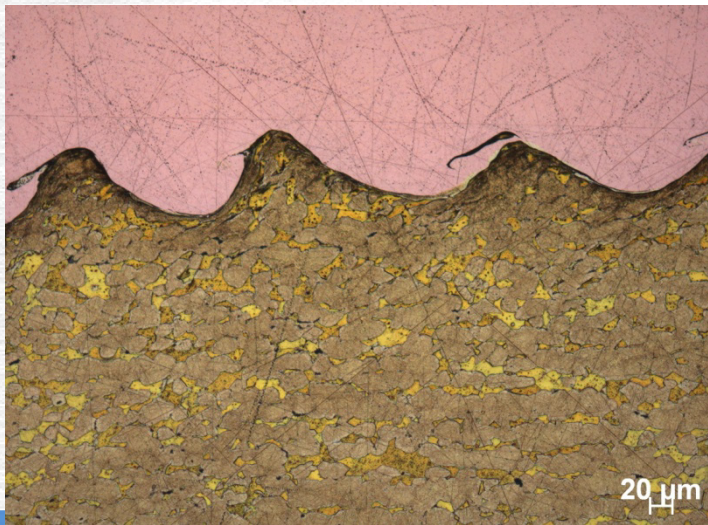
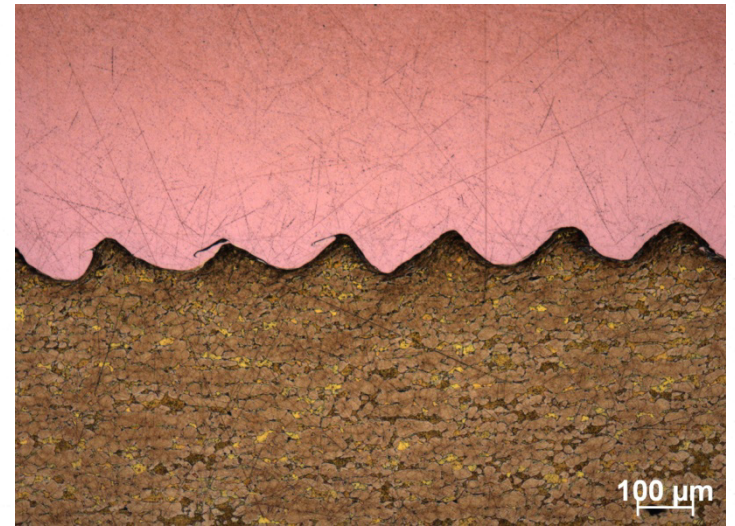
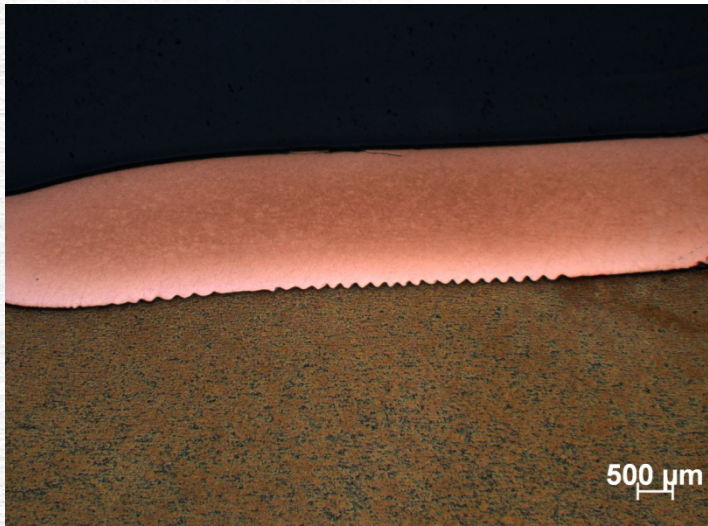
Cu – Br : Parameter optimisation

Optimal parameters :

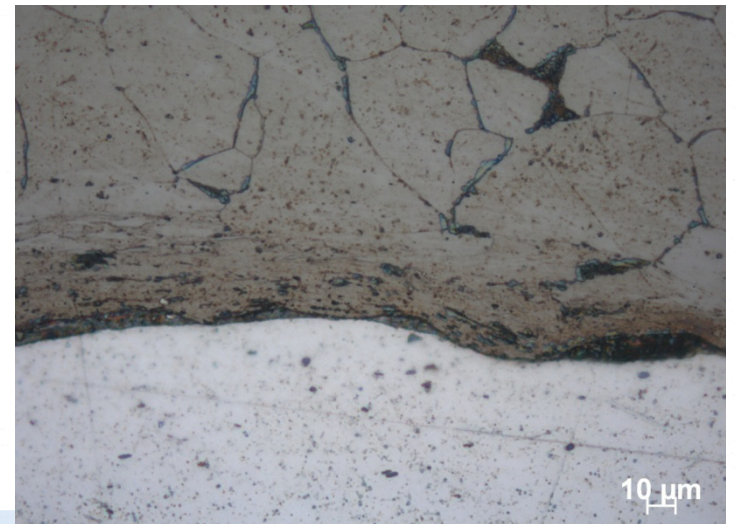
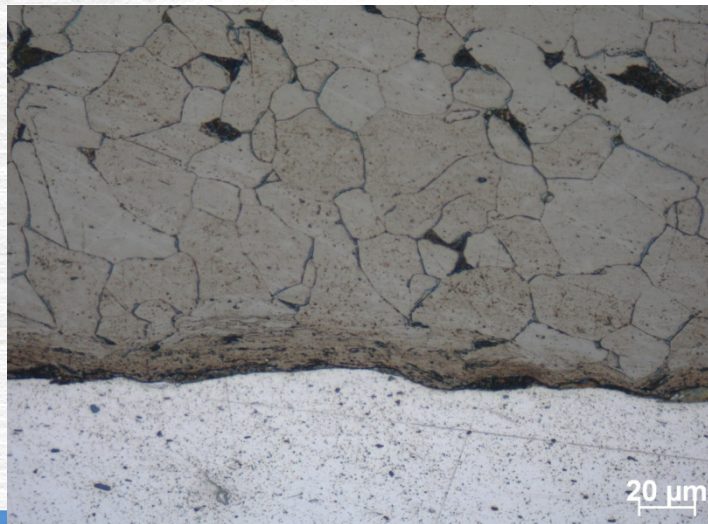
- Air gap : 1,0 – 1,5 mm
- Tube end position : 2,5 mm out of the centre of the field shaper
- Energy level : > 26 kJ



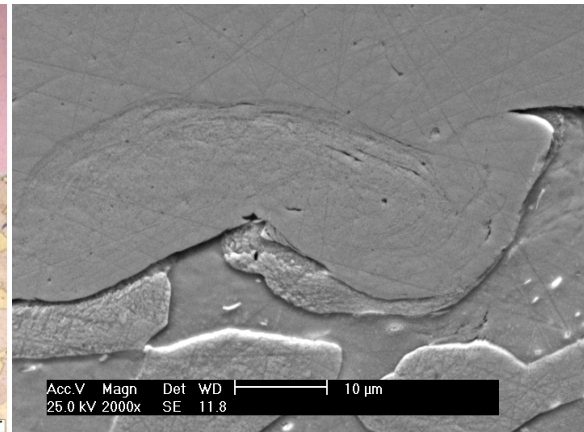
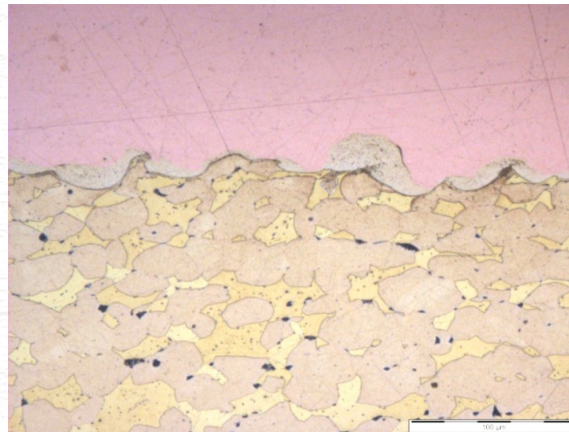
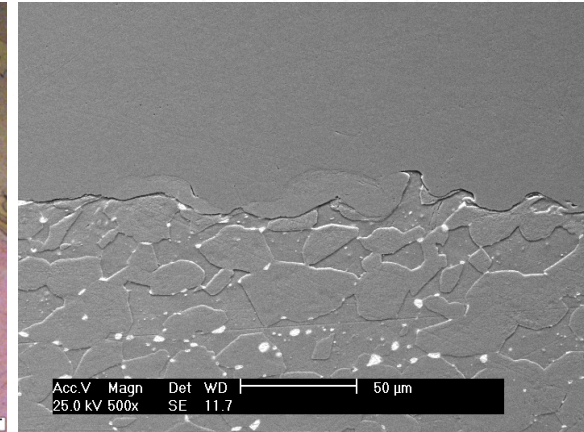
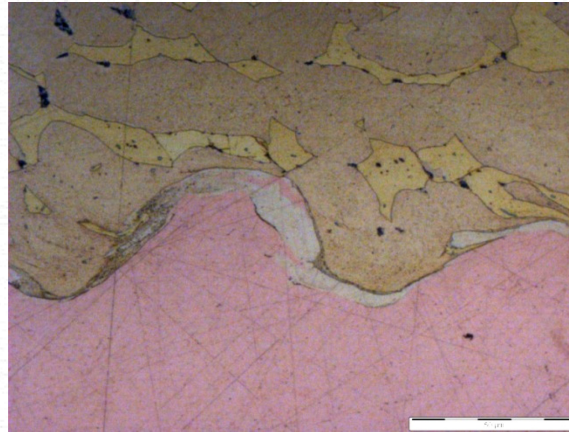
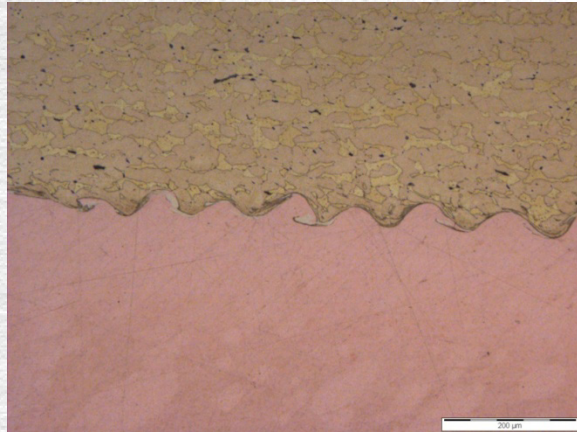
Cu – Br : Interface morphology



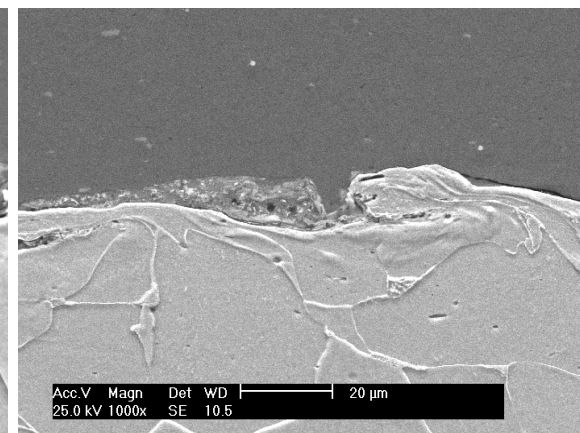
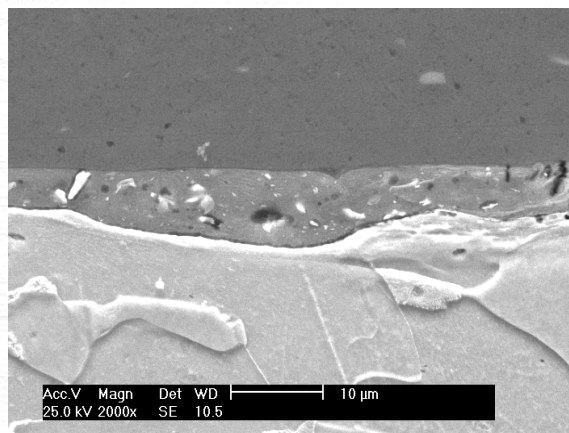
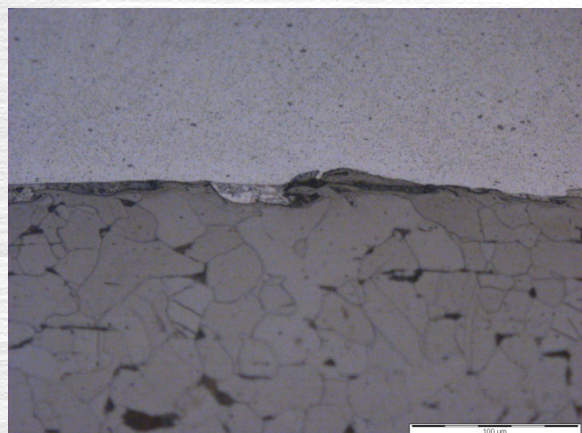
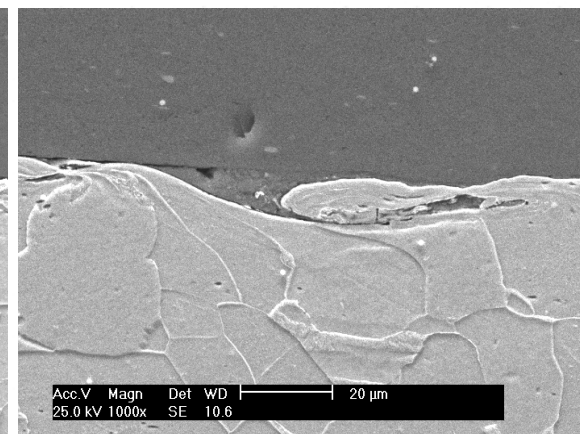
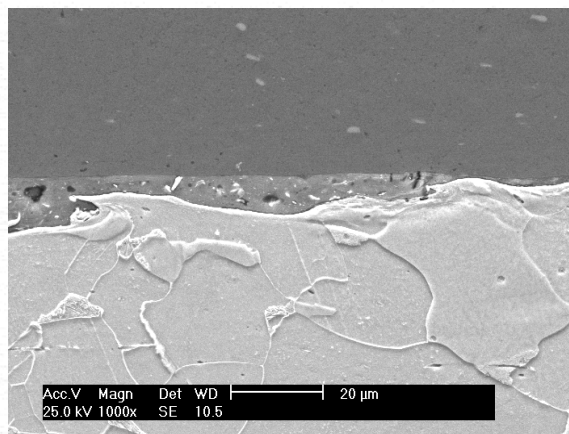
Al - St : Interface morphology



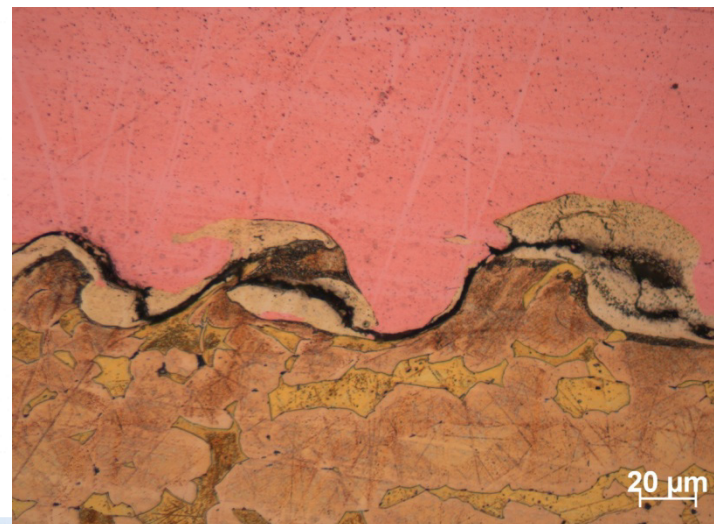
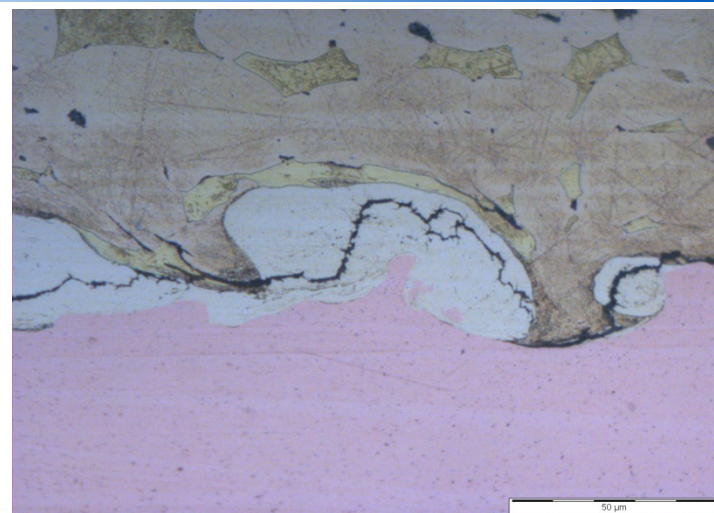
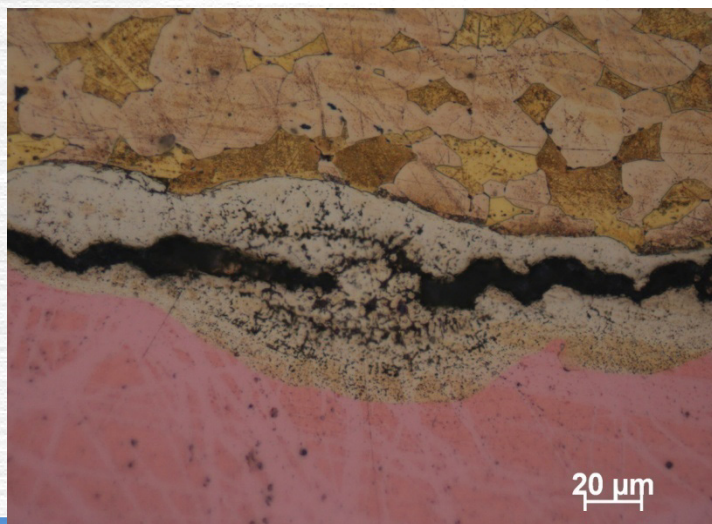
Cu – Br : Intermetallic layers



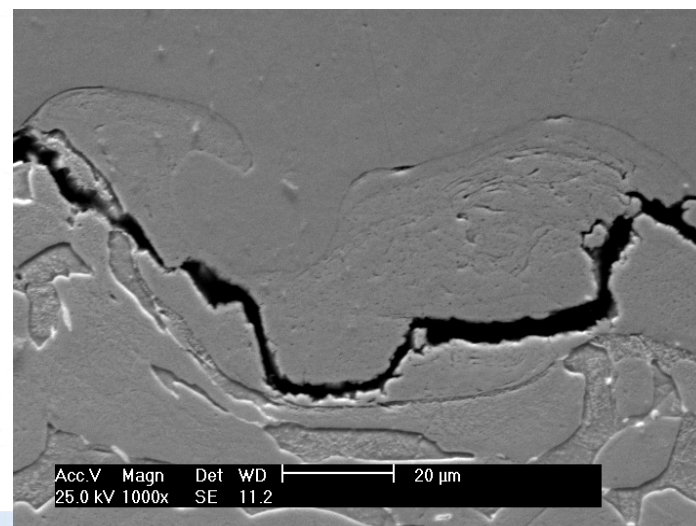
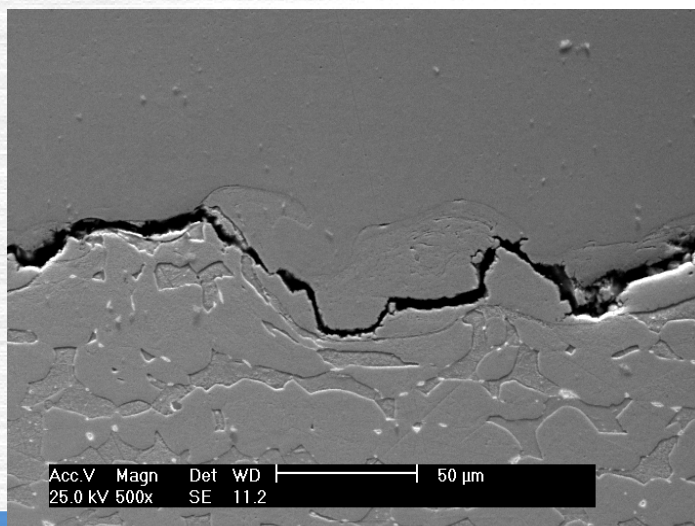
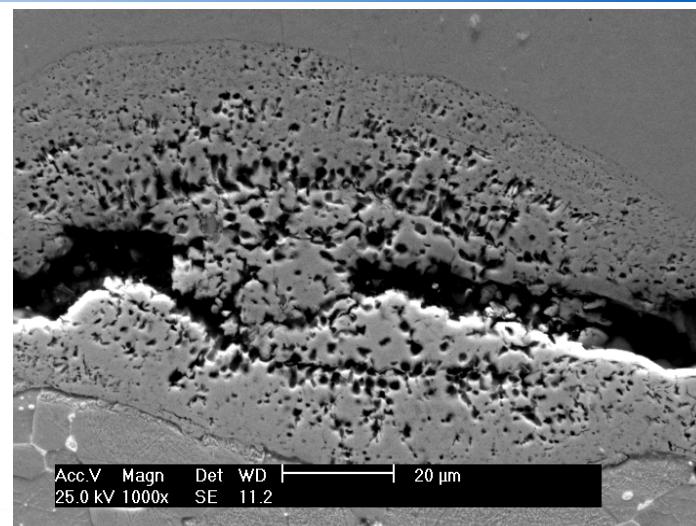
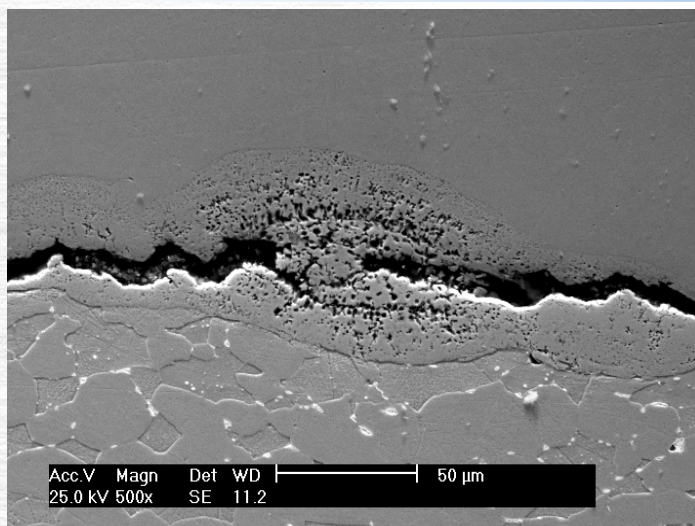
Al – St : Intermetallic layers



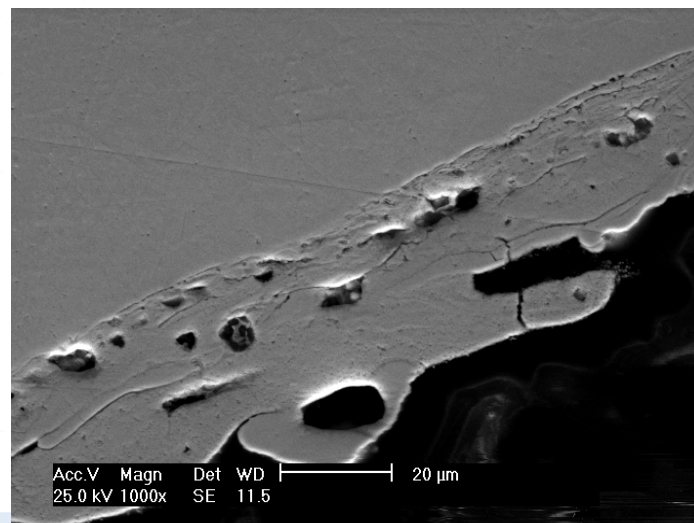
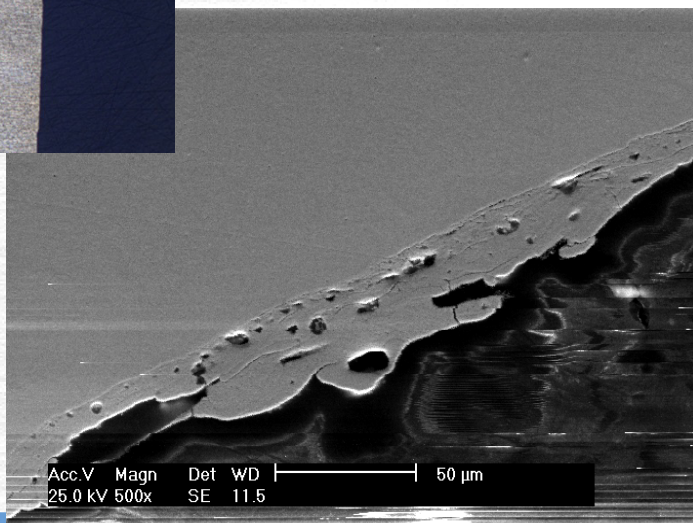
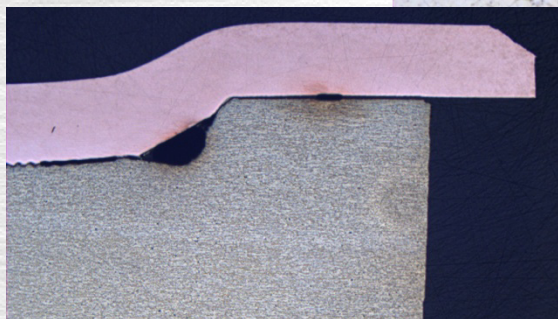
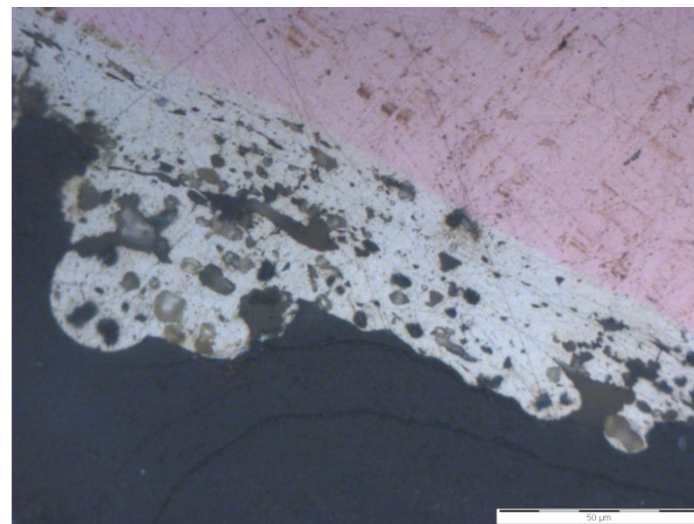
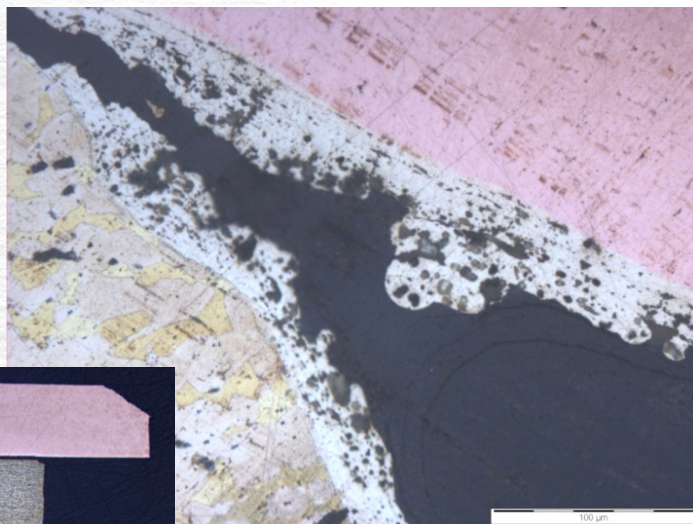
Cu – Br : Melting phenomena



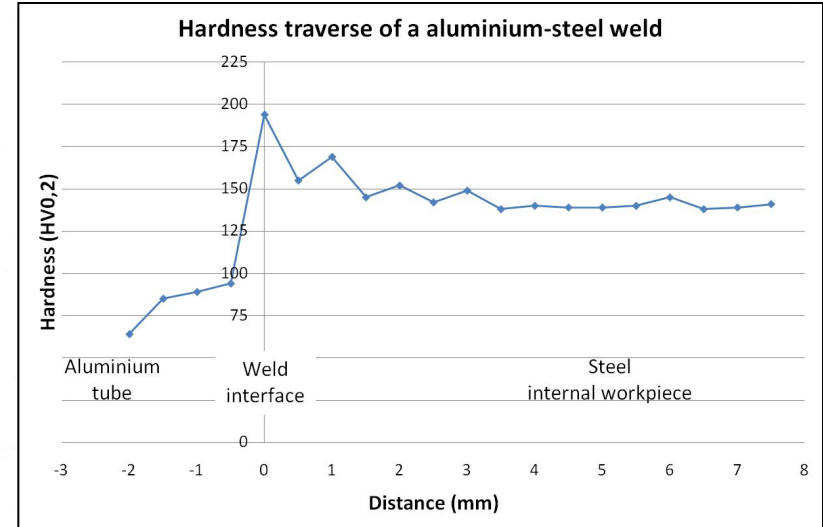
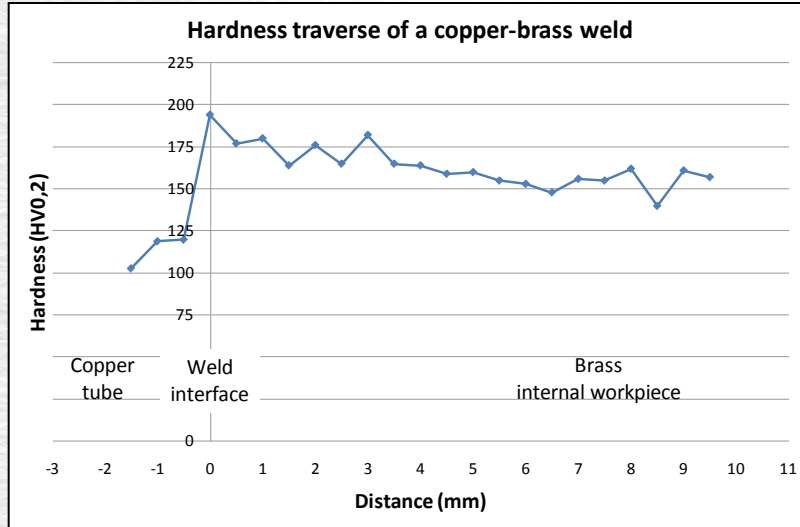
Cu – Br : Melting phenomena



Cu - Br : Melting phenomena



Hardness and leak testing



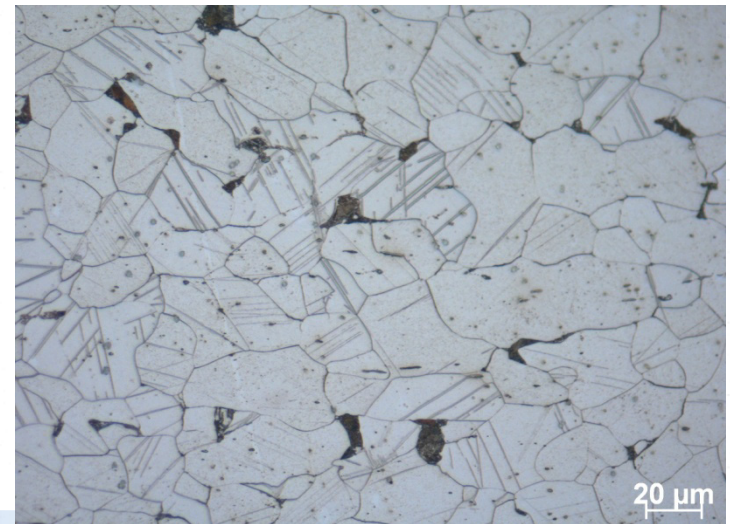
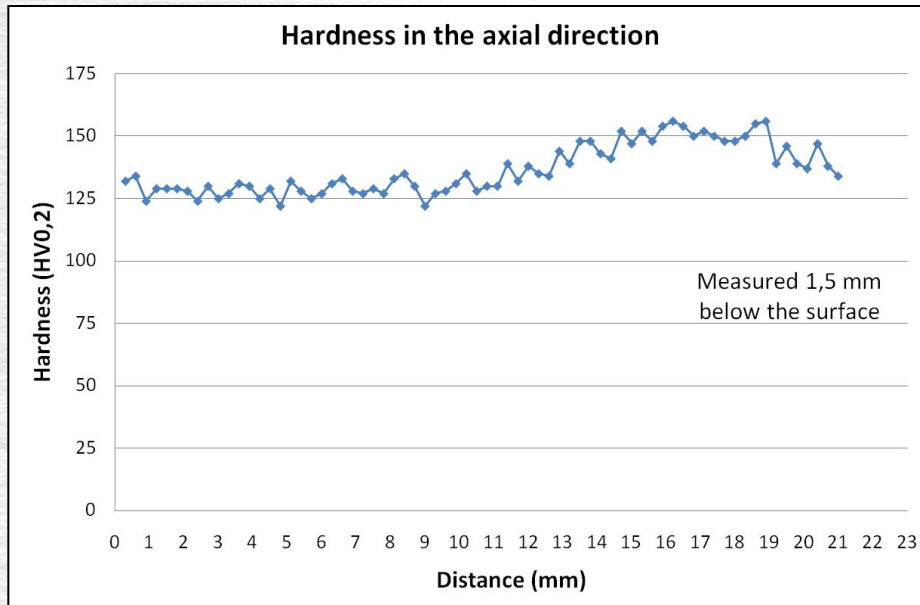
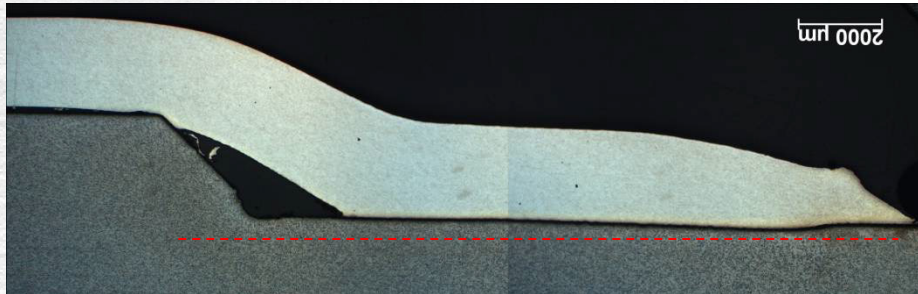
Hardness weld interface

174	176	185	198	Av. : 183
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Hardness weld interface

144	151	263	317	Av. : 219
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Hardness testing



Conclusions & Future research

Conclusions

- Defect free welds
- Intermetallic layers
- Melting phenomena

Future research :

- Repeatability
- Other material combinations